ROAD CARRIER PERMITS

The under-mentioned applications for Public Road Carrier Permits indicate (1) reference number and the area within which the proposed road transport will be undertaken, (2) name of applicant and nature of application, (3) number and type of vehicles, (4) nature of proposed road transportation and (5) points between and routes over or area within which the proposed road transportation is to be effected and are published in terms of section 14(1) of the Road Transportation Act, 1977 (Act 74 of 1977). Representations which interested parties wish to make in respect of the applications must comply with the provisions of regulation 4(1) of the Road Transportation Regulations, 1977 and must be in quadruplicate in respect of each application and must be delivered by hand or sent by registered post to the Secretary, Road Transportation Board, Private Bag X13187, Windhoek to reach that office not later than 21 days after the date of publication of this Government Gazette.
(1) 21/09/92 92OP0651.
(2) **FOURWINDS TRANSPORT, WINDHOEK** — New Application.
(3) HRP 530 T  Vehicle  4918 Kg
    MVH 627 T  Interlink  9460 Kg
    MVH 634 T  Interlink  9460 Kg
    MFY 409 T  Interlink  9200 Kg
    MGG 754 T  Interlink  11800 Kg
    MVH 621 T  Interlink  11760 Kg
    MVH 638 T  Interlink  11760 Kg
    N 63439 W  Interlink  9340 Kg
    N 63780 W  Interlink  11840 Kg
    N 24385 W  Combi  10280 Kg
    N 24396 W  Combi  11420 Kg
    N 54176 W  Combi  14870 Kg
    BW 697 T    Combi  10600 Kg
    BW 706 T    Combi  11720 Kg
    JW 879 T    Combi  6620 Kg
    N 43575 W  Interlink  9620 Kg
    N 43574 W  Interlink  11940 Kg
    N 63440 W  Interlink  9380 Kg
    N 63446 W  Interlink  11760 Kg
    CY 43642   S/Trailer  21550 Kg
    FY 339 T    Flat Deck  11505 Kg
    DN 654 T    Flat Deck  11560 Kg

(4) (a) As per the attached annexure “A”.
(5) (a) (i) As per the attached annexure “A”.

**ANNEXURE “A”**

I. Advertising supplements (for inclusion in daily newspapers and weekend newspapers if such advertising supplements contain both the name of the newspaper and the date of the issue in which they are to be included); acid-filled unsealed motor car and industrial batteries; air-conditioners (normally used in a dwelling-house); air-ducting for air-conditioning; amplifiers (electric, normally used in a dwelling-house); animals (live); animal fodder in hay form; artificial flowers and wreaths and bouquets made of artificial flowers; asbestos cement ornaments and asbestos cement hollowware (excluding asbestos cement pipes, asbestos cement sheets and asbestos cement roofsheets); ash bricks; ashtray stands; baby bath dressers; baby play pens; baby walking rings; bar counters; bark (tree unprocessed); bases for beds; basins (hand wash basins made of vitreous china of fire-clay as well as pedestals for such basins); baskets (pigeon, empty, used, on the return journey); baths (manufactured from plastic, perspex or acrylic); baths (enamelled, manufactured from cast iron or pressed steel); bathroom wall dressers; bedends for beds; beds; bed lamps; beside cabinets; birds (live); binnettes (normally used in a
dwelling-house), boats; bones (unworked); bookcases; book-shelves; bouquets (made of fresh flowers or artificial flowers); bottles (empty, manufactured from plastic); bricks, buffets; bulbs; cable spools (empty, used, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); calculating machines; canoes; cream cans (empty, used, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); caravans (not self-propelled); cartons (empty, used, for the conveyance of bottles, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); cash registers; cement bricks; chairs; chandeliers; charcoal; chests of drawers; chopped or sawn fire-wood (excluding matches); church pews; coal ashes; coffee tables; computers; concrete building panels (prefabricated); counter scales; cedars; cradle stands; crates (empty, used, for the conveyance of bottles, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); cream cans (empty, used, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); cushions (normally used in a dwelling-house); daily newspapers; desks; dictaphones; dining-room tables; dishwashing machines (normally used in a dwelling-house); display-window glass and sheet glass; dolls' houses and Wendy-houses; domestic tables; draught beer drums (empty, used, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); draught beer (in draught-beer drums); dressing-tables; duplicating machines; earthen roof tiles; earthenware tiles (glazed); eggs in the shells and empty, used egg-holders on the return journey; electric amplifiers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric bulbs; electric clothes driers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric fans (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric food mixers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric frying pans (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric hair-driers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric heaters (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric hot trays (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric irons (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric kettles (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric polishers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric vacuum cleaners (normally used in a dwelling-house); electrical switchboard units (fully equipped, excluding rolls of electric cable and excluding transformers); empty plastic bottles; empty, used bags (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used cartons and crates (for the conveyance of bottles, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used cream cans (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used draught-beer drums (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used fruit crates (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used milk cans (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used pigeon baskets (on the return journey); empty, used plastic mageu containers; empty, used plastic sorghum-beer containers; empty, used vegetable crates (manufactured from wood or cardboard or plastic, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); enamelled baths (manufactured from cast iron or pressed steel); fencing-walls (prefabricated concrete); fertilisers (non-synthetic, organic); filled industrial, filled household and filled medical gas cylinders; filing cabinets with drawers; fire-clay bricks; fire-screens; fire-wood (chopped or sawn, excluding matches); flower stands; fluorescent tubes and fluorescent-tube fittings; and footstools (normally used in a dwelling-house); framed
paintings; framed pictures; framed portraits; freezers (normally used in a dwelling-house); fruit crates (empty, used, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); fully equipped electrical switch-board units (excluding rolls of electric cable and excluding transformers); garden benches; garden tables; gas cylinders (filled industrial, filled household and filled medical); glass display cabinets; glass fibre reinforced cement ornaments and glass fibre reinforced cement hollowware (excluding glass fibre reinforced cement pipes, glass fibre reinforced cement sheets and glass fibre reinforced cement roofsheets); glass-lined copper electric storage water heaters installed in prefabricated steel cabinets; glazed earthenware heaters; gravel; hat-racks; hi-fi sets (normally used in a dwelling-house); high-pressure seamless gas cylinders (empty); hotel tables; household clocks; household removals (from one dwelling-house to another dwelling-house, or household removals from a dwelling-house to a place where such household removals are to be stored, or household removals from a place where they have been stored to a dwelling-house, or household removals from a place where they have been stored to another place where such household removals are to be stored); household tables; ironing boards (normally used in a dwelling-house); kitchen dressers; kitchen shelves; kitchen tables; knitting machines (normally used in a dwelling-house); lampshades; lavatory pans and cisterns (manufactured from vitreous china or fire-clay); lawn-mowers (normally used at a dwelling-house); linen-chests; liquor cabinets; live animals and birds; loudspeakers (normally used in a dwelling-house); mageu; mageu containers (empty, used, manufactured from plastic); mattresses; micro-wave ovens (normally used in a dwelling-house); milk cans (empty, used, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); mirrors; musical instruments; newspapers (daily); non-synthetic organic fertilisers; office removals (from one office to another office, or from an office to a warehouse, or from a warehouse to an office, or from one warehouse to another warehouse, excluding the conveyance of goods normally used in an office from a manufacturer, wholesaler or retailer or for the replenishment of stocks or the transfer of stocks); office tables; paintings (framed); pallets — used (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); pedal cars; periodical-racks; photocopying machines; pictures (framed); pigeon baskets (empty, used, on the return journey); pillows (normally used in a dwelling-house); plan filing cabinets; plants (live, undried, unprocessed); polystyrene foam products; portraits (framed); portable transistor radios; prams; pre-cast concrete piles, pre-cast concrete curbs, pre-cast concrete guttering (excluding concrete pipes and pre-stressed concrete beams); prefabricated concrete construction panels; prefabricated concrete fencing-walls; pre-stressed concrete lintels; pulpits; push-chairs (children's folding chairs on wheels); radios and radiograms with or without separate electrical amplifiers; raw timber bark; raw chicory roots (not oven-dried or chopped); reading lamps; record cabinets; record-players; record-stands; refrigerators (normally used in a dwelling-house); restaurant tables; roofing tiles (made of cement, asphalt, slate or wood); sand; school desks; school tables; seed-potatoes; self-service trolleys (for use in supermarkets and self-service shops); settees; sewing machines (normally used in a dwelling-house); sheet glass and display-window glass; shoe dressers; shrubs (live, undried, unprocessed); soil; solar water heaters;
sorghum beer in liquid form; sorghum beer containers (empty, used manufactured from plastic); stage decor, costumes, lighting and other equipment in use on behalf of a theatre group (when transported from one place of performance to another place of performance, or from a place of performance to a place of storage, or from a place of storage to a place of performance, or from the manufacturers thereof to a place of performance or from a place of performance to the manufacturers thereof); standard lamps; steel glass-enamel-lined electric storage water heaters; steel stationary cabinets (excluding steel safes); step-ladders (normally used in a dwelling-house); stone; stoves (normally used in a dwelling-house); sugar-cane; switch-board units (fully equipped, electrical, excluding rolls of electric cable and excluding transformers); tables; tea-trolleys; telephone tables; television antennas; television sets; television set cabinets; television set standards; television tubes; tombstones; trailers specially designed for the carrying of boats; transistor radios (portable); trays (normally used in a dwelling-house); trousseau kists; tumble driers (normally used in a dwelling-house); typewriters; urethane foam products; used packing material and used dunnage (a cargo container is excluded from the said two categories. A cargo container shall, for the purpose hereof, be defined as follows:

(i) It forms part of transport equipment.
(ii) It is of a permanent nature and therefore strong enough for repeated use.
(iii) It is specially designed for the conveyance of inside-packed cargo by means of one or more forms of transport without any repacking of such cargo.
(iv) It is provided with permanent appliances which facilitate handling and transfer from one form of transport to another.
(v) It is so designed as to facilitate the loading and off-loading thereof.
(vi) It may be built with doors at one or more sides, or with doors at one or more sides with an open top, open side or open end, or with any combination of open top, open side, and doors.
(vii) It is necessarily used for the conveyance of goods, vegetable crates (empty, used, manufactured from wood or cardboard or plastic, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); ventilator bricks; wardrobes; wash hand-basins (manufactured from vitreous china or fire-clay) as well as pedestals for such basins; washing baskets (normally used in a dwelling-house); washing machines (normally used in a dwelling-house); washing stands (normally used in a dwelling-house and completely assembled) waste paper baskets; week-end newspapers; Wendy-houses; wheel chairs (normally used by invalids); wheelbarrows; wood particle board (but excluding paper and cardboard); writing-boards and easels -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart Bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return; and

(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pan­technicon; and

(b) the total combined mass of each load may not exceed 16 400 kilograms per single trip.

2. Not more than 1 000 kilogram mass per single trip of:

(a) Coffee;
(b) Stationary;
(c) Ice-cream cones;
(d) Spices;
(e) Sinks;
(f) Urinals;
(g) Cosmetics;
(h) Clothes-hangers; and
(i) Empty bags -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart Bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return; and
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pan­technicon; and

(b) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed as part loads.

3. Aluminium cutlery (not palletised); aluminium crockery (not palletised); aluminium door frames fitted with glass and aluminium window frames fitted with glass; bicycles; blankets; carpets; cast-iron pots and pans (not palletised); clothing; clothing material; cold boxes; cool bags; completely manufactured wooden doors; electric wire cable (excluding high voltage electric cable); empty coffins; empty plastic buckets; empty used glass bottles (not palletised); facsimile machines; fire-resistant safes (normally
used in a dwelling-house); fully assembled wooden door frames and fully assemble wooden window frames; gambling machines; glass crockery (not palletised); glass cutlery (not palletised), glass fibre canopies (normally used for light delivery vehicles); glassware; gun safes (normally used in a dwelling-house); kitchenware; lights; light fittings; paper serviettes (subject to the condition that the mass of each individual packet may not exceed two kilograms); paper towels (subject to the condition that the mass of each individual roll may not exceed two kilograms); parts for freezers (normally used in a dwelling-house) when conveyed simultaneously with the freezer into which it will be installed; parts for refrigerators (normally used in a dwelling-house) when conveyed simultaneously with the refrigerator into which it will be installed; plastic cutlery (not palletised); plastic cans; plastic crates; plastic crockery (not palletised); plastic ducting; plastic tubing; photographic equipment (excluding paper); pool tables; potato chips; shoes; snooker tables; surfboards; tissue paper (subject to the condition that the mass of each individual packet may not exceed two kilograms); toilet paper; toys; umbrellas, video cameras; window glass for use in vehicles; windsurfingboards and wine -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return; and
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed as part loads in a pantechnicon;
(b) the combined total mass of each load may not exceed 16 400 kilogram per single trip;
(c) the holder may not convey a load which consists of only one of the said commodities; and
(d) the conveyance of any goods that require refrigeration in transit is excluded.

4. Mechanical office equipment (excluding paper) and camping equipment -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return;
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that -

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pantechnicon; and
(b) the combined total mass of each load may not exceed 16 400 kilogram per single trip.

5. Foamalite refrigerator panels, foamalite cold room panels, fully assembled under bar counter fridges; fully assembled display fridges; fully assembled ice machines; glass fibre cold room panels and glass fibre refrigerator panels -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return;
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that -

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pantechnicon;
(b) the combined total mass of each load may not exceed 16 400 kilogram per single trip; and
(c) a load which consists of only one of the said commodities may not be conveyed by the holder.

6. (a) Own packing material for own use only;
(b) Own spare parts required for the immediate \textit{bona fide} repair of the holder's own motor vehicles which became defective and which on account of urgency have to be repaired expeditiously, excluding and delivery to any place of business to replenish stocks;
(c) Own tools of trade in use for own use only;
(d) Own tyres for use on the holder's own motor vehicles only and not to be sold or offered for sale;
(e) Own lubricants for use by the holder in his own motor vehicles and not to be sold or offered for sale; and
(f) Own fuel for use by the holder in his own motor vehicles -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return;
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pantechnicon; and
(b) that the total combined mass of each load may not exceed 16,400 kilogram per single trip.

7. Not more than 3,000 kilogram mass per single trip of:

(i) Peanuts (excluding freshly harvested peanuts from the farms on which it was harvested to any place where it will be further processed; and
(ii) Sport equipment -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return;
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pantechnicon; and
(b) the combined total mass may not exceed 16,400 kilogram per single trip; and
(c) the conveyance of any goods that require refrigeration in transit is excluded.

8. Employees in the employ of the holder if no charge is made for such conveyance -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return; and
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.
1. Advertising supplements (for inclusion in daily newspapers and weekend newspapers if such advertising supplements contain both the name of the newspaper and the date of the issue in which they are to be included); acid-filled unsealed motor car and industrial batteries; air-conditioners (normally used in a dwelling-house); air-ducting for air-conditioning; amplifiers (electric, normally used in a dwelling-house); animals (live); animal fodder in hay form; artificial flowers and wreaths and bouquets made of artificial flowers; asbestos cement ornaments and asbestos cement hollowware (excluding asbestos cement pipes, asbestos cement sheets and asbestos cement roofsheets); ash bricks; ashtray stands; baby bath dressers; baby play pens; baby walking rings; bar counters; bark (tree unprocessed); bases for beds; basins (hand wash basins made of vitreous china of fire-clay as well as pedestals for such basins); baskets (pigeon, empty, used, on the return journey); baths (manufactured from plastic, perspex or acrylic); baths (enamelled, manufactured from cast iron or pressed steel); bathroom wall dressers; bedends for beds; beds; bed lamps; beside cabinets; birds (live); binnettes (normally used in a
dwelling-house); boats; bones (unworked); bookcases; book-shelves; bouquets (made of fresh flowers or artificial flowers); bottles (empty, manufactured from plastic); bricks, buffets; bulbs; cable spools (empty, used, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); calculating machines; canoes; cream cans (empty, used, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); cash registers; cement bricks; chairs; chandeliers; charcoal; chests of drawers; chopped or sawn fire-wood (excluding matches); church pews; coal ashes; coffee tables; computers; concrete building panels (prefabricated); counter scales; cradles; cradle stands; crates (empty, used, for the conveyance of bottles, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); cream cans (empty, used, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); cushions (normally used in a dwelling-house); daily newspapers; desks; dictaphones; dining-room tables; dishwashing machines (normally used in a dwelling-house); display-window glass and sheet glass; dolls' houses and Wendy-houses; domestic tables; draught beer drums (empty, used, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); draught beer (in draught-beer drums); dressing-tables; duplicating machines; earthen roof tiles; earthenware tiles (glazed); eggs in the shells and empty, used egg-holders on the return journey; electric amplifiers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric bulbs; electric clothes driers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric fans (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric food mixers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric frying pans (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric hair-driers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric heaters (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric hot trays (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric irons (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric kettles (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric polishers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric toasters (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric vacuum cleaners (normally used in a dwelling-house); electrical switchboard units (fully equipped, excluding rolls of electric cable and excluding transformers); empty plastic bottles; empty, used bags (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used cartons and crates (for the conveyance of bottles, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used cream cans (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used draught-beer drums (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used fruit crates (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used milk cans (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used pigeon baskets (on the return journey); empty, used plastic mageu containers; empty, used plastic sorghum-beer containers; empty, used vegetable crates (manufactured from wood or cardboard or plastic, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); enamelled baths (manufactured from cast iron or pressed steel); fencing-walls (prefabricated concrete); fertilisers (non-synthetic, organic); filled industrial, filled household and filled medical gas cylinders; filing cabinets with drawers; fire-clay bricks; fire-screens; fire-wood (chopped or sawn, excluding matches); flower stands; fluorescent tubes and fluorescent-tube fittings; and footstools (normally used in a dwelling-house); framed
paintings; framed pictures; framed portraits; freezers (normally used in a dwelling-house); fruit crates (empty, used, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); fully equipped electrical switch-board units (excluding rolls of electric cable and excluding transformers); garden benches; garden tables; gas cylinders (filled industrial, filled household and filled medical); glass display cabinets; glass fibre reinforced cement ornaments and glass fibre reinforced cement hollow-ware (excluding glass fibre reinforced cement pipes, glass fibre reinforced cement sheets and glass fibre reinforced cement roofsheets); glass-lined copper electric storage water heaters installed in prefabricated steel cabinets; glazed earthenware tiles; gravel; hat-racks; hi-fi sets (normally used in a dwelling-house); high-pressure seamless gas cylinders (empty); hotel tables; household clocks; household removals (from one dwelling-house to another dwelling-house, or household removals from a dwelling-house to a place where such household removals are to be stored, or household removals from a place where they have been stored to a dwelling-house, or household removals from a place where they have been stored to another place where such household removals are to be stored); household tables; ironing boards (normally used in a dwelling-house); kitchen dressers; kitchen shelves; kitchen tables; knitting machines (normally used in a dwelling-house); lampshades; lavatory pans and cisterns (manufactured from vitreous china or fire-clay); lawn-mowers (normally used at a dwelling-house); linen-chests; liquor cabinets; live animals and birds; loudspeakers (normally used in a dwelling-house); mageu; mageu containers (empty, used, manufactured from plastic), mattresses; micro-wave ovens (normally used in a dwelling-house); milk cans (empty, used, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); mirrors; musical instruments; newspapers (daily); non-synthetic organic fertilisers; office removals (from one office to another office, or from an office to a warehouse, or from a warehouse to an office, or from one warehouse to another warehouse, excluding the conveyance of goods normally used in an office from a manufacturer, wholesaler or retailer or for the replenishment of stocks or the transfer of stocks); office tables; paintings (framed); pallets — used (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); pedal cars; periodical-racks; photocopying machines; pictures (framed); pigeon baskets (empty, used, on the return journey); pillows (normally used in a dwelling-house); plan filing cabinets; plants (live, undried, unprocessed); polystrene foam products; portraits (framed); portable transistor radios; prams; pre-cast concrete piles, pre-cast concrete curbs, pre-cast concrete guttering (excluding concrete pipes and pre-stressed concrete beams); prefabricated concrete construction panels; prefabricated concrete fencing-walls; pre-stressed concrete lintels; pulpits; push-chairs (children's folding chairs on wheels); radios and radiograms with or without separate electrical amplifiers; raw timber bark; raw chicory roots (not oven-dried or chopped); reading lamps; record cabinets; record-players; record-stands; refrigerators (normally used in a dwelling-house); restaurant tables; roofing tiles (made of cement, asphalt, slate or wood); sand; school desks; school tables; seed-potatoes; self-service trolleys (for use in supermarkets and self-service shops); settees; sewing machines (normally used in a dwelling-house); sheet glass and display-window glass; shoe dressers; shrubs (live, undried, unprocessed); soil; solar water heaters;
sorghum beer in liquid form; sorghum beer containers (empty, used manufactured from plastic); stage decor, costumes, lighting and other equipment in use on behalf of a theatre group (when transported from one place of performance to another place of performance, or from a place of performance to a place of storage, or from a place of storage to a place of performance, or from the manufacturers thereof to a place of performance or from a place of performance to the manufacturers thereof); standard lamps; steel glass-enamel-lined electric storage water heaters; steel stationary cabinets (excluding steel safes); step-ladders (normally used in a dwelling-house); stone; stoves (normally used in a dwelling-house); sugar-cane; switch-board units (fully equipped, electrical, excluding rolls of electric cable and excluding transformers); tables; tea-trolleys; telephone tables; television antennas; television sets; television set cabinets; television set standards; television tubes; tombstones; trailers specially designed for the carrying of boats; transistor radios (portable); trays (normally used in a dwelling-house); trousseau kists; tumble driers (normally used in a dwelling-house); typewriters; urethane foam products; used packing material and used dunnage (a cargo container is excluded from the said two categories. A cargo container shall, for the purpose hereof, be defined as follows:

(i) It forms part of transport equipment.
(ii) It is of a permanent nature and therefore strong enough for repeated use.
(iii) It is specially designed for the conveyance of inside-packed cargo by means of one or more forms of transport without any repacking of such cargo.
(iv) It is provided with permanent appliances which facilitate handling and transfer from one form of transport to another.
(v) It is so designed as to facilitate the loading and off-loading thereof.
(vi) It may be built with doors at one or more sides, or with doors at one or more sides with an open top, open side or open end, or with any combination of open top, open side, and doors.
(vii) It is necessarily used for the conveyance of goods, vegetable crates (empty, used, manufactured from wood or cardboard or plastic, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); ventilator bricks; wardrobes; wash hand-basins (manufactured from vitreous china or fire-clay) as well as pedestals for such basins; washing baskets (normally used in a dwelling-house); washing machines (normally used in a dwelling-house); washing stands (normally used in a dwelling-house and completely assembled) waste paper baskets; week-end newspapers; Wendy-houses; wheelchairs (normally used by invalids); wheelbarrows; wood particle board (but excluding paper and cardboard); writing-boards and easels -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart Bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return; and

(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pan-technicon; and  

(b) the total combined mass of each load may not exceed 16 400 kilograms per single trip.

2. Not more than 1 000 kilogram mass per single trip of:

(a) Coffee; 

(b) Stationary; 

(c) Ice-cream cones; 

(d) Spices; 

(e) Sinks; 

(f) Urinals; 

(g) Cosmetics; 

(h) Clothes-hangers; and 

(i) Empty bags -

(a) Within Namibia;  

(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart Bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return; 

(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return; 

(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return; and 

(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pan-technicon; and 

(b) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed as part loads.

3. Aluminium cutlery (not palletised); aluminium crockery (not palletised); aluminium door frames fitted with glass and aluminium window frames fitted with glass; bicycles; blankets; carpets; cast-iron pots and pans (not palletised); clothing; clothing material; cold boxes; cool bags; completely manufactured wooden doors; electric wire cable (excluding high voltage electric cable); empty coffins; empty plastic buckets; empty used glass bottles (not palletised); facsimile machines; fire-resistant safes (normally
used in a dwelling-house); fully assembled wooden door frames and fully assembled wooden window frames; gambling machines; glass crockery (not palletised); glass cutlery (not palletised), glass fibre canopies (normally used for light delivery vehicles); glassware; gun safes (normally used in a dwelling-house); kitchenware; lights; light fittings; paper serviettes (subject to the condition that the mass of each individual packet may not exceed two kilograms); paper towels (subject to the condition that the mass of each individual roll may not exceed two kilograms); parts for freezers (normally used in a dwelling-house) when conveyed simultaneously with the freezer into which it will be installed; parts for refrigerators (normally used in a dwelling-house) when conveyed simultaneously with the refrigerator into which it will be installed, plastic cutlery (not palletised); plastic cans; plastic crates; plastic crockery (not palletised); plastic ducting; plastic tubing; photographic equipment (excluding paper); pool tables; potato chips; shoes; snooker tables; surfboards; tissue paper (subject to the condition that the mass of each individual packet may not exceed two kilograms); toilet paper; toys; umbrellas, video cameras; window glass for use in vehicles; windsurfing-boards and wine -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia.Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return; and
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed as part loads in a pantechnicon;
(b) the combined total mass of each load may not exceed 16 400 kilogram per single trip;
(c) the holder may not convey a load which consists of only one of the said commodities; and
(d) the conveyance of any goods that require refrigeration in transit is excluded.

4. Mechanical office equipment (excluding paper) and camping equipment -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return;
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that -

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pantechnicon; and

(b) the combined total mass of each load may not exceed 16 400 kilogram per single trip.

5. Foamalite refrigerator panels, foamalite cold room panels, fully assembled under bar counter fridges; fully assembled display fridges; fully assembled ice machines; glass fibre cold room panels and glass fibre refrigerator panels -

(a) Within Namibia;

(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;

(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;

(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return;

(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that -

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pantechnicon;

(b) the combined total mass of each load may not exceed 16 400 kilogram per single trip; and

(c) a load which consists of only one of the said commodities may not be conveyed by the holder.

6. (a) Own packing material for own use only;

(b) Own spare parts required for the immediate bona fide repair of the holder's own motor vehicles which became defective and which on account of urgency have to be repaired expeditiously, excluding and delivery to any place of business to replenish stocks;

(c) Own tools of trade in use for own use only;

(d) Own tyres for use on the holder's own motor vehicles only and not to be sold or offered for sale;

(e) Own lubricants for use by the holder in his own motor vehicles and not to be sold or offered for sale; and

(f) Own fuel for use by the holder in his own motor vehicles -

(a) Within Namibia;

(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;

(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;

(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return;
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pantechnicon; and
(b) that the total combined mass of each load may not exceed 16 400 kilogram per single trip.

7. Not more than 3 000 kilogram mass per single trip of:

(i) Peanuts (excluding freshly harvested peanuts from the farms on which it was harvested to any place where it will be further processed; and
(ii) Sport equipment -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return;
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pantechnicon;
(b) the combined total mass may not exceed 16 400 kilogram per single trip; and
(c) the conveyance of any goods that require refrigeration in transit is excluded.

8. Employees in the employ of the holder if no charge is made for such conveyance -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return; and
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.
(1) 21/09/92  92OP0653.

(2) **KEMPTON VAN LINES (PTY) LTD., WINDHOEK** — New Application.

(3) N 60733 W  Trailer  9540 Kg
N 42195 W  Trailer  9460 Kg
N 60384 W  Trailer  9540 Kg
N 62966 W  Trailer  9440 Kg
N 35586 W  Trailer  10005 Kg
N 59405 W  Trailer  9460 Kg
N 60734 W  Trailer  11940 Kg
N 42198 W  Trailer  11780 Kg
N 60383 W  Trailer  11940 Kg
N 62967 W  Trailer  11940 Kg
N 41703 W  Trailer  11920 Kg
N 59503 W  Trailer  11860 Kg
N 33238 W  Truck  5444 Kg
N 71597 W  Truck  5380 Kg

(4) (a) As per the attached annexure "A".

(5) (a) (i) As per the attached annexure "A".

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**ANNEXURE "A"**

1. Advertising supplements (for inclusion in daily newspapers and weekend newspapers if such advertising supplements contain both the name of the newspaper and the date of the issue in which they are to be included); acid-filled unsealed motor car and industrial batteries; air-conditioners (normally used in a dwelling-house); air-ducting for air-conditioning; amplifiers (electric, normally used in a dwelling-house); animals (live); animal fodder in hay form; artificial flowers and wreaths and bouquets made of artificial flowers; asbestos cement ornaments and asbestos cement hollowware (excluding asbestos cement pipes, asbestos cement sheets and asbestos cement roofsheets); ash bricks; ashtray stands; baby bath dressers; baby play pens; baby walking rings; bar counters; bark (tree unprocessed); bases for beds; basins (hand wash basins made of vitreous china of fire-clay as well as pedestals for such basins); baskets (pigeon, empty, used, on the return journey); baths (manufactured from plastic, perspex or acrylic); baths (enamelled, manufactured from cast iron or pressed steel); bathroom wall dressers; bedends for beds; beds; bed lamps; beside cabinets; birds (live); binnettes (normally used in a
dwelling-house); boats; bones (unworked); bookcases; book-shelves; bouquets (made of fresh flowers or artificial flowers); bottles (empty, manufactured from plastic); bricks, buffets; bulbs; cable spools (empty, used, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); calculating machines; canoes; cream cans (empty, used, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); caravans (not self-propelled); cartons (empty, used, for the conveyance of bottles, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); cash registers; cement bricks; chairs; chandeliers; charcoal; chests of drawers; chopped or sawn fire-wood (excluding matches); church pews; coal ashes; coffee tables; computers; concrete building panels (prefabricated); counter scales; cradles; cradle stands; crates (empty, used, for the conveyance of bottles, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); cream cans (empty, used, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); cushions (normally used in a dwelling-house); daily newspapers; desks; dictaphones; dining-room tables; dishwashing machines (normally used in a dwelling-house); display-window glass and sheet glass; dolls' houses and Wendy-houses; domestic tables; draught beer drums (empty, used, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); draught beer (in draught-beer drums); dressing-tables; duplicating machines; earthen roof tiles; earthenware tiles (glazed); eggs in the shells and empty, used egg-holders on the return journey; electric amplifiers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric bulbs; electric clothes driers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric fans (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric food mixers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric frying pans (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric hair-driers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric heaters (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric hot trays (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric irons (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric kettles (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric polishers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric toasters (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric vacuum cleaners (normally used in a dwelling-house); electrical switchboard units (fully equipped, excluding rolls of electric cable and excluding transformers); empty plastic bottles; empty, used bags (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used cartons and crates (for the conveyance of bottles, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used cream cans (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used draught-beer drums (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used fruit crates (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used milk cans (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used pigeon baskets (on the return journey); empty, used plastic maguey containers; empty, used plastic sorghum-beer containers; empty, used vegetable crates (manufactured from wood or cardboard or plastic, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); enamelled baths (manufactured from cast iron or pressed steel); fencing-walls (prefabricated concrete); fertilisers (non-synthetic, organic); filled industrial, filled household and filled medical gas cylinders; filing cabinets with drawers; fire-clay bricks; fire-screens; fire-wood (chopped or sawn, excluding matches); flower stands; fluorescent tubes and fluorescent-tube fittings; and footstools (normally used in a dwelling-house); framed
paintings; framed pictures; framed portraits; freezers (normally used in a dwelling-house); fruit crates (empty, used, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); fully equipped electrical switch-board units (excluding rolls of electric cable and excluding transformers); garden benches; garden tables; gas cylinders (filled industrial, filled household and filled medical); glass display cabinets; glass fibre reinforced cement ornaments and glass fibre reinforced cement hollow-ware (excluding glass fibre reinforced cement pipes, glass fibre reinforced cement sheets and glass fibre reinforced cement roof-sheets); glass-lined copper electric storage water heaters installed in prefabricated steel cabinets; glazed earthenware tiles; gravel; hat-racks; hi-fi sets (normally used in a dwelling-house); high-pressure seamless gas cylinders (empty); hotel tables; household clocks; household removals (from one dwelling-house to another dwelling-house, or household removals from a dwelling-house to a place where such household removals are to be stored, or household removals from a place where they have been stored to a dwelling-house, or household removals from a place where they have been stored to another place where such household removals are to be stored); household tables; ironing boards (normally used in a dwelling-house); kitchen dressers; kitchen shelves; kitchen tables; knitting machines (normally used in a dwelling-house); lampshades; lavatory pans and cisterns (manufactured from vitreous china or fire-clay); lawn-mowers (normally used at a dwelling-house); linen-chests; liquor cabinets; live animals and birds; loudspeakers (normally used in a dwelling-house); mageu; mageu containers (empty, used, manufactured from plastic), mattresses; micro-wave ovens (normally used in a dwelling-house); milk cans (empty, used, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); mirrors; musical instruments; newspapers (daily); non-synthetic organic fertilisers; office removals (from one office to another office, or from an office to a warehouse, or from a warehouse to an office, or from one warehouse to another warehouse, excluding the conveyance of goods normally used in an office from a manufacturer, wholesaler or retailer or for the replenishment of stocks or the transfer of stocks); office tables; paintings (framed); pallets — used (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); pedal cars; periodical-racks; photocopying machines; pictures (framed); pigeon baskets (empty, used, on the return journey); pillows (normally used in a dwelling-house); plan filing cabinets; plants (live, undried, unprocessed); polystyrene foam products; portraits (framed); portable transistor radios; prams; pre-cast concrete piles, pre-cast concrete curbs, pre-cast concrete guttering (excluding concrete pipes and pre-stressed concrete beams); prefabricated concrete construction panels; prefabricated concrete fencing-walls; pre-stressed concrete lintels; pulpits; push-chairs (children's folding chairs on wheels); radios and radiograms with or without separate electrical amplifiers; raw timber bark; raw chicory roots (not oven-dried or chopped); reading lamps; record cabinets; record-players; record-stands; refrigerators (normally used in a dwelling-house); restaurant tables; roofing tiles (made of cement, asphalt, slate or wood); sand; school desks; school tables; seed-potatoes; self-service trolleys (for use in supermarkets and self-service shops); settees; sewing machines (normally used in a dwelling-house); sheet glass and display-window glass; shoe dressers; shrubs (live, undried, unprocessed); soil; solar water heaters;
sorghum beer in liquid form; sorghum beer containers (empty, used manufactured from plastic); stage decor, costumes, lighting and other equipment in use on behalf of a theatre group (when transported from one place of performance to another place of performance, or from a place of performance to a place of storage, or from a place of storage to a place of performance, or from the manufacturers thereof to a place of performance or from a place of performance to the manufacturers thereof); standard lamps; steel glass-enamel-lined electric storage water heaters; steel stationary cabinets (excluding steel safes); step-ladders (normally used in a dwelling-house); stone; stoves (normally used in a dwelling-house); sugar-cane; switch-board units (fully equipped, electrical, excluding rolls of electric cable and excluding transformers); tables; tea-trolleys; telephone tables; television antennas; television sets; television set cabinets; television set standards; television tubes; tombs; trailers specially designed for the carrying of boats; transistor radios (portable); trays (normally used in a dwelling-house); trousseau kists; tumble driers (normally used in a dwelling-house); typewriters; urethane foam products; used packing material and used dunnage (a cargo container is excluded from the said two categories. A cargo container shall, for the purpose hereof, be defined as follows:

(i) It forms part of transport equipment.
(ii) It is of a permanent nature and therefore strong enough for repeated use.
(iii) It is specially designed for the conveyance of inside-packed cargo by means of one or more forms of transport without any repacking of such cargo.
(iv) It is provided with permanent appliances which facilitate handling and transfer from one form of transport to another.
(v) It is so designed as to facilitate the loading and off-loading thereof.
(vi) It may be built with doors at one or more sides, or with doors at one or more sides with an open top, open side or open end, or with any combination of open top, open side, and doors.
(vii) It is necessarily used for the conveyance of goods, vegetable crates (empty, used, manufactured from wood or cardboard or plastic, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); ventilator bricks; wardrobes; wash hand-basins (manufactured from vitreous china or fire-clay) as well as pedestals for such basins; washing baskets (normally used in a dwelling-house); washing machines (normally used in a dwelling-house); washing stands (normally used in a dwelling-house and completely assembled) waste paper baskets; week-end newspapers; Wendy-houses; wheel chairs (normally used by invalids); wheelbarrows; wood particle board (but excluding paper and cardboard); writing-boards and easels -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart Bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;

(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return; and

(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pan-technicon; and

(b) the total combined mass of each load may not exceed 16 400 kilograms per single trip.

2. Not more than 1 000 kilogram mass per single trip of:

(a) Coffee;
(b) Stationary;
(c) Ice-cream cones;
(d) Spices;
(e) Sinks;
(f) Urinals;
(g) Cosmetics;
(h) Clothes-hangers; and
(i) Empty bags -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart Bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return; and
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pan-technicon; and

(b) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed as part loads.

3. Aluminium cutlery (not palletised); aluminium crockery (not palletised); aluminium door frames fitted with glass and aluminium window frames fitted with glass; bicycles; blankets; carpets; cast-iron pots and pans (not palletised); clothing; clothing material; cold boxes; cool bags; completely manufactured wooden doors; electric wire cable (excluding high voltage electric cable); empty coffins; empty plastic buckets; empty used glass bottles (not palletised); facsimile machines; fire-resistant safes (normally
used in a dwelling-house); fully assembled wooden door frames and fully assembled wooden window frames; gambling machines; glass crockery (not palletised); glass cutlery (not palletised), glass fibre canopies (normally used for light delivery vehicles); glassware; gun safes (normally used in a dwelling-house); kitchenware; lights; light fittings; paper serviettes (subject to the condition that the mass of each individual packet may not exceed two kilograms); paper towels (subject to the condition that the mass of each individual roll may not exceed two kilograms); parts for freezers (normally used in a dwelling-house) when conveyed simultaneously with the freezer into which it will be installed; parts for refrigerators (normally used in a dwelling-house) when conveyed simultaneously with the refrigerator into which it will be installed, plastic cutlery (not palletised); plastic cans; plastic crates; plastic crockery (not palletised); plastic ducting; plastic tubing; photographic equipment (excluding paper); pool tables; potato chips; shoes; snooker tables; surfboards; tissue paper (subject to the condition that the mass of each individual packet may not exceed two kilograms); toilet paper; toys; umbrellas, video cameras; window glass for use in vehicles; windsurfing-boards and wine -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return; and
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed as part loads in a pantechnicon;
(b) the combined total mass of each load may not exceed 16 400 kilogram per single trip;
(c) the holder may not convey a load which consists of only one of the said commodities; and
(d) the conveyance of any goods that require refrigeration in transit is excluded.

4. Mechanical office equipment (excluding paper) and camping equipment -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return;
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that -

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pantechnicon; and
(b) the combined total mass of each load may not exceed 16,400 kilogram per single trip.

5. Foamalite refrigerator panels, foamalite cold room panels, fully assembled under bar counter fridges; fully assembled display fridges; fully assembled ice machines; glass fibre cold room panels and glass fibre refrigerator panels -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return;
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that -

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pantechnicon;
(b) the combined total mass of each load may not exceed 16,400 kilogram per single trip; and
(c) a load which consists of only one of the said commodities may not be conveyed by the holder.

6. (a) Own packing material for own use only;
(b) Own spare parts required for the immediate *bona fide* repair of the holder’s own motor vehicles which became defective and which on account of urgency have to be repaired expeditiously, excluding and delivery to any place of business to replenish stocks;
(c) Own tools of trade in use for own use only;
(d) Own tyres for use on the holder’s own motor vehicles only and not to be sold or offered for sale;
(e) Own lubricants for use by the holder in his own motor vehicles and not to be sold or offered for sale; and
(f) Own fuel for use by the holder in his own motor vehicles -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return;
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pantechnicon; and
(b) that the total combined mass of each load may not exceed 16 400 kilogram per single trip.

7. Not more than 3 000 kilogram mass per single trip of:

(i) Peanuts (excluding freshly harvested peanuts from the farms on which it was harvested to any place where it will be further processed; and
(ii) Sport equipment -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return;
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pantechnicon; (b) the combined total mass may not exceed 16 400 kilogram per single trip; and (c) the conveyance of any goods that require refrigeration in transit is excluded.

8. Employees in the employ of the holder if no charge is made for such conveyance -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return; and
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.
(1) 21/09/92 92OP0654.

(2) W.F.P. & REMOVERS (PTY) LTD., WINDHOEK — New Application.

(3) N 42715 W Trailer 9720 Kg
N 19006 W Trailer 9460 Kg
N 19007 W Trailer 9460 Kg
N 34310 W Trailer 9460 Kg
N 41709 W Trailer 9460 Kg
N 56511 W Trailer 9200 Kg
N 42716 W Trailer 11860 Kg
N 19002 W Trailer 11760 Kg
N 19008 W Trailer 11760 Kg
N 34301 W Trailer 11760 Kg
N 35587 W Trailer 12065 Kg
N 56513 W Trailer 11180 Kg
N 42513 W Trailer 9560 Kg
N 46151 W Trailer 10955 Kg
DCY 429 T Trailer 10885 Kg
N 5709 W Trailer 10758 Kg
N 42511 W Trailer 10425 Kg
N 46153 W Trailer 11275 Kg
DCY 430 T Trailer 11165 Kg
N 5712 W Trailer 11468 Kg
N 22009 W Dolly 6720 Kg
N 46152 W Dolly 6540 Kg
DCY 432 T Dolly 6535 Kg
N 5711 W Dolly 6600 Kg
HHK 267 T Flat Deck 11380 Kg
N 72566 W Vehicle 5710 Kg

(4) (a) As per the attached annexure “A”.

(5) (a) (i) As per the attached annexure “A”.

ANNEXURE “A”

1. Advertising supplements (for inclusion in daily newspapers and weekend newspapers if such advertising supplements contain both the name of the newspaper and the date of the issue in which they are to be included); acid-filled unsealed motor car and industrial batteries; air-conditioners (normally used in a dwelling-house); air-ducting for air-conditioning; amplifiers (electric, normally used in a dwelling-house); animals (live); animal fodder in hay form; artificial flowers and wreaths and bouquets made of artificial flowers; asbestos cement ornaments and asbestos cement hollowware (excluding asbestos cement pipes, asbestos cement sheets and asbestos cement roofsheets); ash bricks; ashtray stands; baby bath dressers; baby play pens; baby walking rings; bar counters; bark (tree unprocessed); bases for beds; basins (hand wash basins made of vitreous china of fire-clay as well as pedestals for such basins); baskets (pigeon, empty, used, on the return journey); baths (manufactured from plastic, perspex or acrylic); baths (enamelled, manufactured from cast iron or pressed steel); bathroom wall dressers; bedends for beds; beds; bed lamps; beside cabinets; birds (live); binnettes (normally used in a
dwelling-house); boats; bones (unworked); bookcases; book-shelves; bouquets (made of fresh flowers or artificial flowers); bottles (empty, manufactured from plastic); bricks, buffets; bulbs; cable spools (empty, used, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); calculating machines; canoes; cream cans (empty, used, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); caravans (not self-propelled); cartons (empty, used, for the conveyance of bottles, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); cash registers; cement bricks; chairs; chandeliers; charcoal; chests of drawers; chopped or sawn fire-wood (excluding matches); church pews; coal ashes; coffee tables; computers; concrete building panels (prefabricated); counter scales; cradles; cradle stands; crates (empty, used, for the conveyance of bottles, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); cream cans (empty, used, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); cushions (normally used in a dwelling-house); daily newspapers; desks; dictaphones; dining-room tables; dishwashing machines (normally used in a dwelling-house); display-window glass and sheet glass; dolls' houses and Wendy-houses; domestic tables; draught beer drums (empty, used, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); draught beer (in draught-beer drums); dressing-tables; duplicating machines; earthen roof tiles; earthenware tiles (glazed); eggs in the shells and empty, used egg-holders on the return journey; electric amplifiers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric bulbs; electric clothes driers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric fans (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric food mixers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric frying pans (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric hair-driers (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric heaters (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric hot trays (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric irons (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric kettles (normally used in a dwelling-house); electric vacuum cleaners (normally used in a dwelling-house); electrical switchboard units (fully equipped, excluding rolls of electric cable and excluding transformers); empty plastic bottles; empty, used bags (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used cartons and crates (for the conveyance of bottles, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used cream cans (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used draught-beer drums (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used fruit crates (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used milk cans (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); empty, used pigeon baskets (on the return journey); empty, used plastic mageu containers; empty, used plastic sorghum-beer containers; empty, used vegetable crates (manufactured from wood or cardboard or plastic, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); enamelled baths (manufactured from cast iron or pressed steel); fencing-walls (prefabricated concrete); fertilisers (non-synthetic, organic); filled industrial, filled household and filled medical gas cylinders; filing cabinets with drawers; fire-clay bricks; fire-screens; fire-wood (chopped or sawn, excluding matches); flower stands; fluorescent tubes and fluorescent-tube fittings; and footstools (normally used in a dwelling-house); framed
paintings; framed pictures; framed portraits; freezers (normally used in a dwelling-house); fruit crates (empty, used, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); fully equipped electrical switch-board units (excluding rolls of electric cable and excluding transformers); garden benches; garden tables; gas cylinders (filled industrial, filled household and filled medical); glass display cabinets; glass fibre reinforced cement ornaments and glass fibre reinforced cement hollowware (excluding glass fibre reinforced cement pipes, glass fibre reinforced cement sheets and glass fibre reinforced cement roofsheets); glass-lined copper electric storage water heaters installed in prefabricated steel cabinets; glazed earthenware tiles; gravel; hat-racks; hi-fi sets (normally used in a dwelling-house); high-pressure seamless gas cylinders (empty); hotel tables; household clocks; household removals (from one dwelling-house to another dwelling-house, or household removals from a dwelling-house to a place where such household removals are to be stored, or household removals from a place where they have been stored to a dwelling-house, or household removals from a place where they have been stored to another place where such household removals are to be stored); household tables; ironing boards (normally used in a dwelling-house); kitchen dressers; kitchen shelves; kitchen tables; knitting machines (normally used in a dwelling-house); lampshades; lavatory pans and cisterns (manufactured from vitreous china or fire-clay); lawn-mowers (normally used at a dwelling-house); linen-ches; liquor cabinets; live animals and birds; loudspeakers (normally used in a dwelling-house); mageu; mageu containers (empty, used, manufactured from plastic); mattresses; micro-wave ovens (normally used in a dwelling-house); milk cans (empty, used, excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); mirrors; musical instruments; newspapers (daily); non-synthetic organic fertilisers; office removals (from one office to another office, or from an office to a warehouse, or from a warehouse to an office, or from one warehouse to another warehouse, excluding the conveyance of goods normally used in an office from a manufacturer, wholesaler or retailer or for the replenishment of stocks or the transfer of stocks); office tables; paintings (framed); pallets — used (excluding conveyance from the place of manufacture thereof); pedal cars; periodical-racks; photocopying machines; pictures (framed); pigeon baskets (empty, used, on the return journey); pillows (normally used in a dwelling-house); plan filing cabinets; plants (live, undried, unprocessed); polystyrene foam products; portraits (framed); portable transistor radios; prams; pre-cast concrete piles, pre-cast concrete curbs, pre-cast concrete guttering (excluding concrete pipes and pre-stressed concrete beams); prefabricated concrete construction panels; prefabricated concrete fencing-walls; pre-stressed concrete lintels; pulps; push-chairs (children's folding chairs on wheels); radios and radiograms with or without separate electrical amplifiers; raw timber bark; raw chicory roots (not oven-dried or chopped); reading lamps; record cabinets; record-players; record-stands; refrigerators (normally used in a dwelling-house); restaurant tables; roofing tiles (made of cement, asphalt, slate or wood); sand; school desks; school tables; seed-potatoes; self-service trolleys (for use in supermarkets and self-service shops); settees; sewing machines (normally used in a dwelling-house); sheet glass and display-window glass; shoe dressers; shrubs (live, undried, unprocessed); soil; solar water heaters;
sorghum beer in liquid form; sorghum beer containers (empty, used manufactured from plastic); stage decor, costumes, lighting and other equipment in use on behalf of a theatre group (when transported from one place of performance to another place of performance, or from a place of performance to a place of storage, or from a place of storage to a place of performance, or from the manufacturers thereof to a place of performance or from a place of performance to the manufacturers thereof); standard lamps; steel glass-enamel-lined electric storage water heaters; steel stationary cabinets (excluding steel safes); step-ladders (normally used in a dwelling-house); stone; stoves (normally used in a dwelling-house); sugar-cane; switch-board units (fully equipped, electrical, excluding rolls of electric cable and excluding transformers); tables; tea-trolleys; telephone tables; television antennas; television sets; television set cabinets; television set standards; television tubes; tombstones; trailers specially designed for the carrying of boats; transistor radios (portable); trays (normally used in a dwelling-house); trousseau kists; tumble driers (normally used in a dwelling-house); typewriters; urethane foam products; used packing material and used dunnage (a cargo container is excluded from the said two categories. A cargo container shall, for the purpose hereof, be defined as follows:

(i) It forms part of transport equipment.
(ii) It is of a permanent nature and therefore strong enough for repeated use.
(iii) It is specially designed for the conveyance of inside-packed cargo by means of one or more forms of transport without any repacking of such cargo.
(iv) It is provided with permanent appliances which facilitate handling and transfer from one form of transport to another.
(v) It is so designed as to facilitate the loading and off-loading thereof.
(vi) It may be built with doors at one or more sides, or with doors at one or more sides with an open top, open side or open end, or with any combination of open top, open side, and doors.
(vii) It is necessarily used for the conveyance of goods, vegetable crates (empty, used, manufactured from wood or cardboard or plastic, excluding conveyance from a place of manufacture thereof); ventilator bricks; wardrobes; wash hand-basins (manufactured from vitreous china or fire-clay) as well as pedestals for such basins; washing baskets (normally used in a dwelling-house); washing machines (normally used in a dwelling-house); washing stands (normally used in a dwelling-house and completely assembled) waste paper baskets; week-end newspapers; Wendy-houses; wheel chairs (normally used by invalids); wheelbarrows; wood particle board (but excluding paper and cardboard); writing-boards and easels -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart Bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return; and

(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pan-technicon; and

(b) the total combined mass of each load may not exceed 16 400 kilograms per single trip.

2. Not more than 1 000 kilogram mass per single trip of:

(a) Coffee;
(b) Stationary;
(c) Ice-cream cones;
(d) Spices;
(e) Sinks;
(f) Urinals;
(g) Cosmetics;
(h) Clothes-hangers; and
(i) Empty bags -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart Bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return; and
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pan-technicon; and

(b) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed as part loads.

3. Aluminium cutlery (not palletised); aluminium crockery (not palletised); aluminium door frames fitted with glass and aluminium window frames fitted with glass; bicycles; blankets; carpets; cast-iron pots and pans (not palletised); clothing; clothing material; cold boxes; cool bags; completely manufactured wooden doors; electric wire cable (excluding high voltage electric cable); empty coffins; empty plastic buckets; empty used glass bottles (not palletised); facsimile machines; fire-resistant safes (normally
used in a dwelling-house); fully assembled wooden door frames and fully assembled wooden window frames; gambling machines; glass crockery (not palletised); glass cutlery (not palletised); glass fibre canopies (normally used for light delivery vehicles); glassware; gun safes (normally used in a dwelling-house); kitchenware; lights; light fittings; paper serviettes (subject to the condition that the mass of each individual packet may not exceed two kilograms); paper towels (subject to the condition that the mass of each individual roll may not exceed two kilograms); parts for freezers (normally used in a dwelling-house) when conveyed simultaneously with the freezer into which it will be installed; parts for refrigerators (normally used in a dwelling-house) when conveyed simultaneously with the refrigerator into which it will be installed, plastic cutlery (not palletised); plastic cans; plastic crates; plastic crockery (not palletised); plastic ducting; plastic tubing; photographic equipment (excluding paper); pool tables; potato chips; shoes; snooker tables; surfboards; tissue paper (subject to the condition that the mass of each individual packet may not exceed two kilograms); toilet paper; toys; umbrellas, video cameras; window glass for use in vehicles; windsurfing-boards and wine -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return;
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed as part loads in a pantechnicon;
(b) the combined total mass of each load may not exceed 16 400 kilogram per single trip;
(c) the holder may not convey a load which consists of only one of the said commodities; and
(d) the conveyance of any goods that require refrigeration in transit is excluded.

4. Mechanical office equipment (excluding paper) and camping equipment -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return;
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that -

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pantechnicon; and
(b) the combined total mass of each load may not exceed 16 400 kilogram per single trip.

5. Foamalite refrigerator panels, foamalite cold room panels, fully assembled under bar counter fridges; fully assembled display fridges; fully assembled ice machines; glass fibre cold room panels and glass fibre refrigerator panels -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return;
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that -

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pantechnicon; and
(b) the combined total mass of each load may not exceed 16 400 kilogram per single trip; and
(c) a load which consists of only one of the said commodities may not be conveyed by the holder.

6. (a) Own packing material for own use only;
(b) Own spare parts required for the immediate bona fide repair of the holder's own motor vehicles which became defective and which on account of urgency have to be repaired expeditiously, excluding and delivery to any place of business to replenish stocks;
(c) Own tools of trade in use for own use only;
(d) Own tyres for use on the holder's own motor vehicles only and not to be sold or offered for sale;
(e) Own lubricants for use by the holder in his own motor vehicles and not to be sold or offered for sale; and
(f) Own fuel for use by the holder in his own motor vehicles -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return;
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pantechnicon; and
(b) that the total combined mass of each load may not exceed 16 400 kilogram per single trip.

7. Not more than 3 000 kilogram mass per single trip of:

(i) Peanuts (excluding freshly harvested peanuts from the farms on which it was harvested to any place where it will be further processed; and
(ii) Sport equipment -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return;
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.

The authority set out in this paragraph is subject to the condition that:

(a) the abovementioned goods may only be conveyed in a pantechnicon;
(b) the combined total mass may not exceed 16 400 kilogram per single trip; and
(c) the conveyance of any goods that require refrigeration in transit is excluded.

8. Employees in the employ of the holder if no charge is made for such conveyance -

(a) Within Namibia;
(b) From a place on the Namibia/Republic of South Africa border at Nakop, Noordoewer or the C.R. Swart bridge south of Swakopmund to places situated within Namibia and return;
(c) From a place on the Namibia/Botswana border at Buitepos or Ngoma to places situated within Namibia and return;
(d) From a place on the Namibia/Angola border at Oshikango to places situated within Namibia and return; and
(e) From a place on the Namibia/Zambia border between Katima Mulilo and Sesheke to places situated within Namibia and return.